

CSS

CSS FUNDAMENTALS

COLORS & UNITS

Units



IN A ROCKET

Learn front-end development at rocket speed.

**ABSOLUTE
UNITS**

**RELATIVE
UNITS**

**ABSOLUTE
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UNITS**

ABSOLUTE UNITS

px

pixel

1/96 of 1 inch
(96px = 1 inch)

pt

point

1/72 of 1 inch
(72pt = 1 inch)

pc

pica

12pt = 1pc

mm

millimeter

1cm = 10mm

cm

centimeter

10mm = 1cm

in

inch

2.54 cm = 1 inch

Pixels are bad for usability:

- they don't scale,
- they don't help other elements to scale proportionally.

Use them only when you really need an exact and fixed size.

EXAMPLE

```
border: 1px solid #000;
```

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RELATIVE UNITS

%

Percentage

Relative to the parent element's value for that property.

em

Em

Relative to the current font-size of the element.

rem

Root em

Relative to the font-size of the root.

ch

Character

Relative to width of the "0".

vw

Viewport width

Relative to the width of viewport.
 $1vw = 1/100$ of the viewport's width.

vh

Viewport height

Relative to the height of viewport.
 $1vh = 1/100$ of the viewport's height.

vmin

Smaller dimension

$1vmin = 1/100$ of viewport's smaller dimension.

vmax

Larger dimension

$1vmax = 1/100$ of viewport's larger dimension.

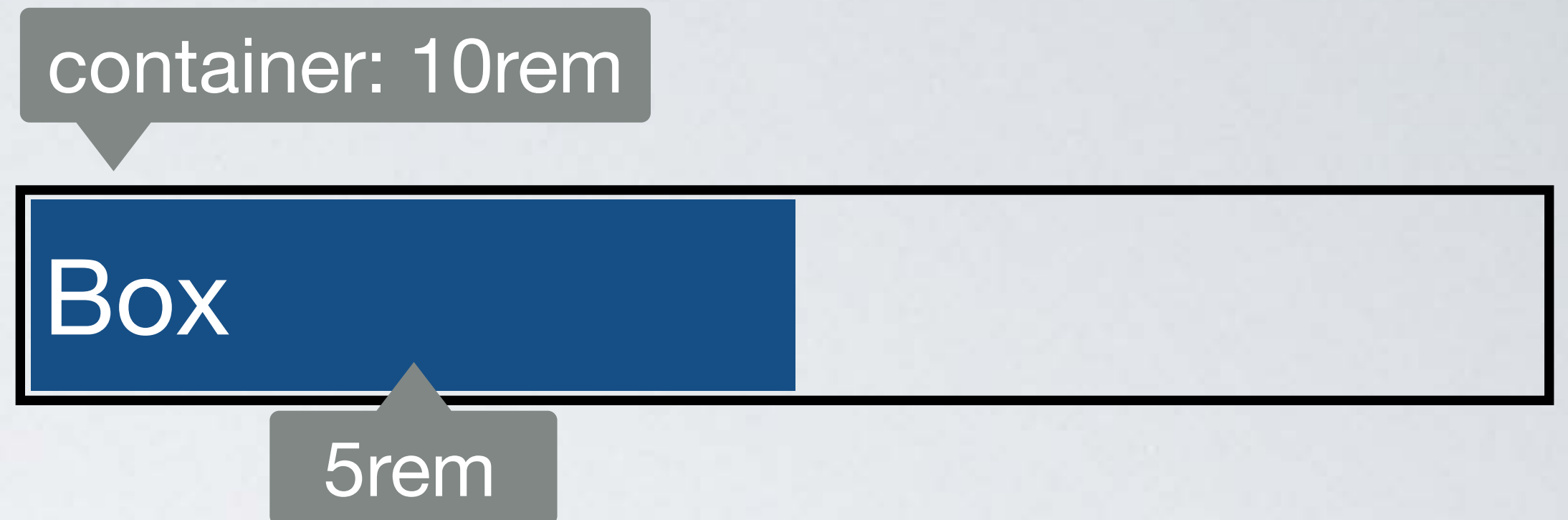
ex

x-height

Relative to the height of a lower-case x.

RELATIVE UNITS / PERCENTAGE

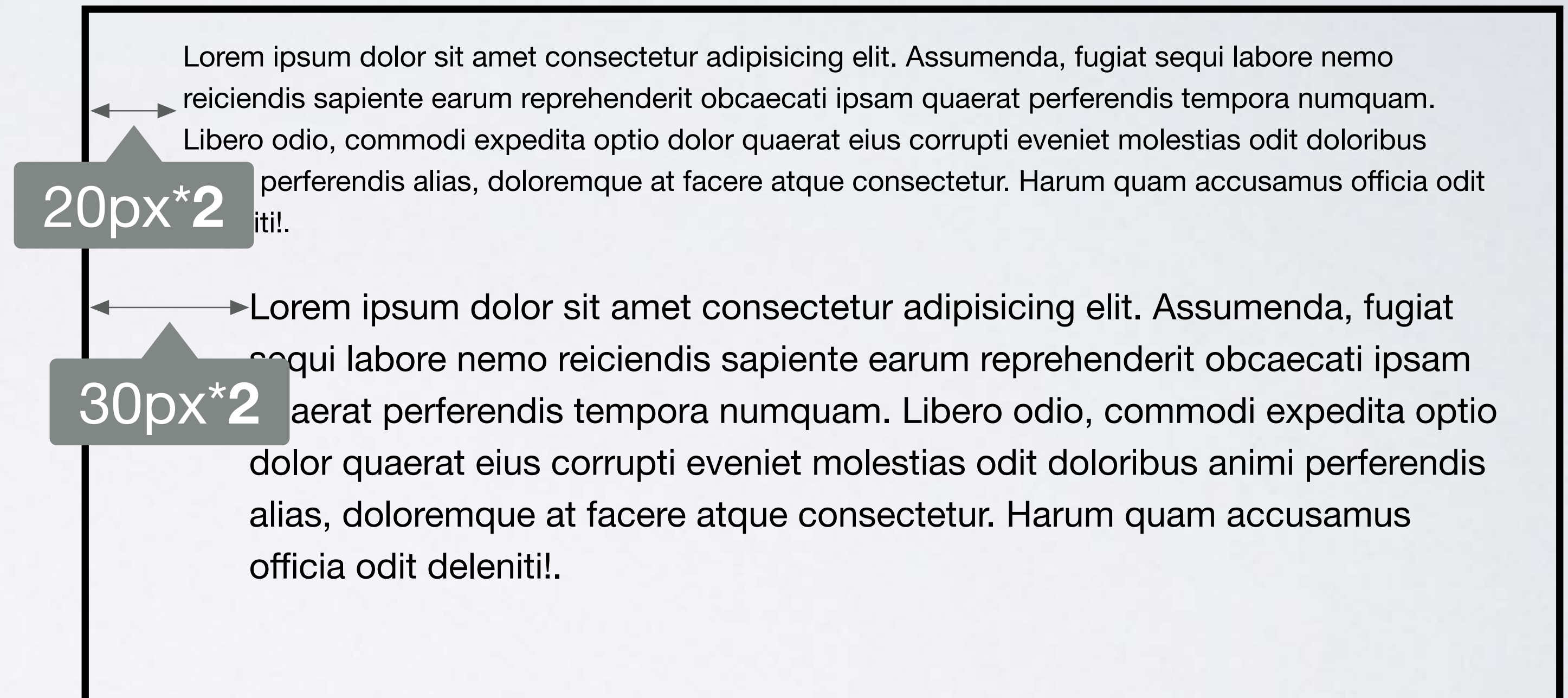
```
.box { width: 50%; }
```



The em is simply the font size. In an element with a 16px font, 1em thus means 16px. Expressing sizes, such as margins and paddings, in em means they are related to the font size, and if the user has a big font (e.g., on a big screen) or a small font (e.g., on a handheld device), the sizes will be in proportion.

```
.box1 {  
  font-size: 20px;  
  margin-left: 2em;  
}
```

```
.box2 {  
  font-size: 30px;  
  margin-left: 2em;  
}
```



SOURCE: [CSS units by W3C](#).

HTML

```
<div class="box1">
  Box 1.
  <div class="box2">
    Box 2.
    <div class="box3">
      Box 3.
    </div>
  </div>
</div>
```

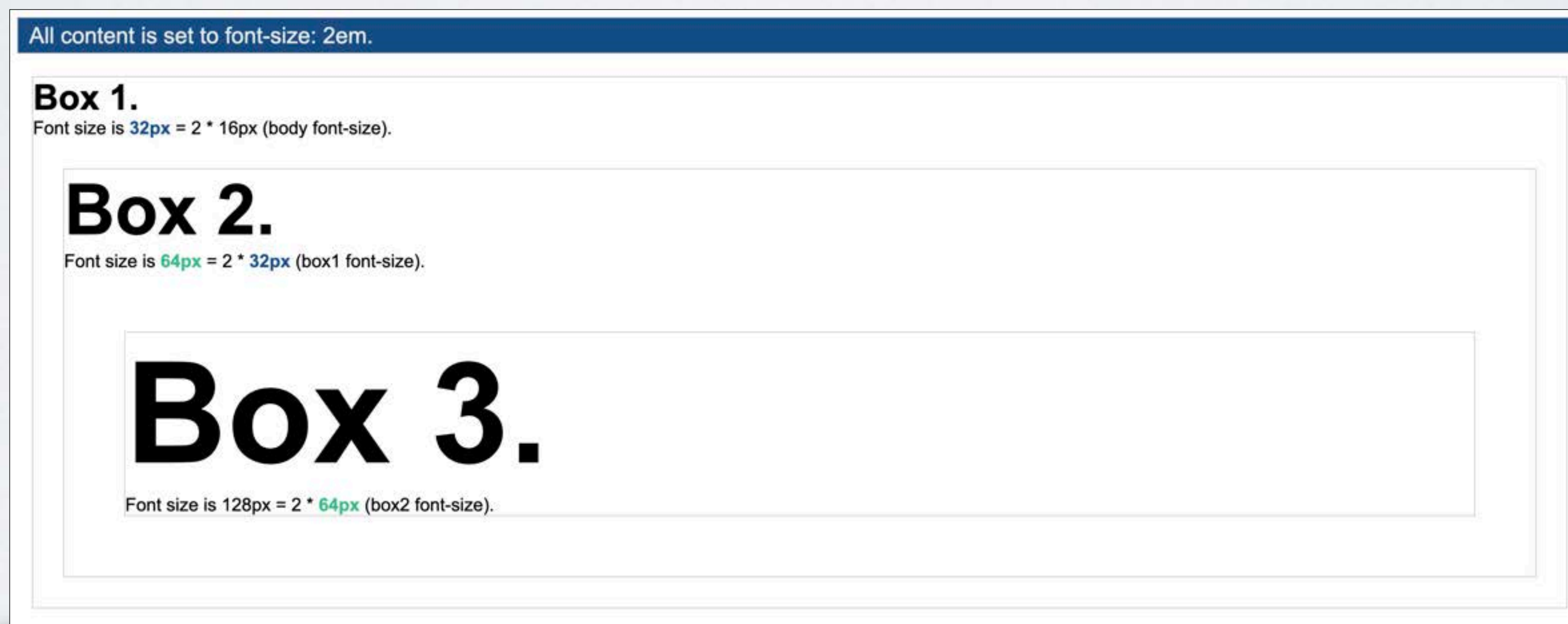
CSS

```
.box1 { font-size: 2em; }
.box2 { font-size: 2em; }
.box3 { font-size: 2em; }
div { margin: .5em; }
```

32px = 2*16px

64px = 2*32px

128px = 2*64px



RELATIVE UNITS / REM

```
:root { font-size: 15px; }
```

```
.box {  
  font-size: 3rem;  
  width: 6rem;  
}
```



RELATIVE UNITS / REM vs EM

EM

```
html {font-size: 100%} 16px

h1 {
  font-size: 2em; 1em(16px)*2 = 32px
  margin-bottom: 1em; 1em(32px)*1 = 32px
}

p {
  font-size: 1em; 1em(16px)*1 = 16px
  margin-bottom: 1em; 1em(16px)*1 = 16px
}
```

REM

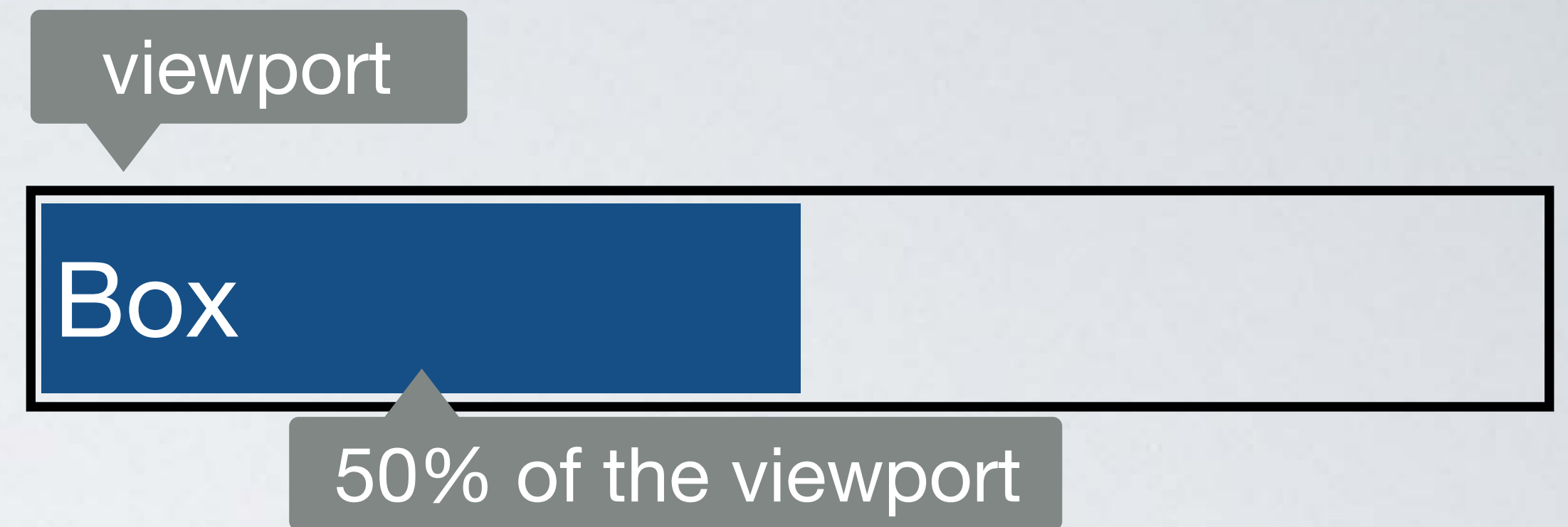
```
html {font-size: 100%} 16px

h1 {
  font-size: 2rem; 1rem(16px)*2 = 32px
  margin-bottom: 1rem; 1rem(16px)*1 = 16px
}

p {
  font-size: 1rem; 1rem(16px)*1 = 16px
  margin-bottom: 1rem; 1rem(16px)*1 = 16px
}
```

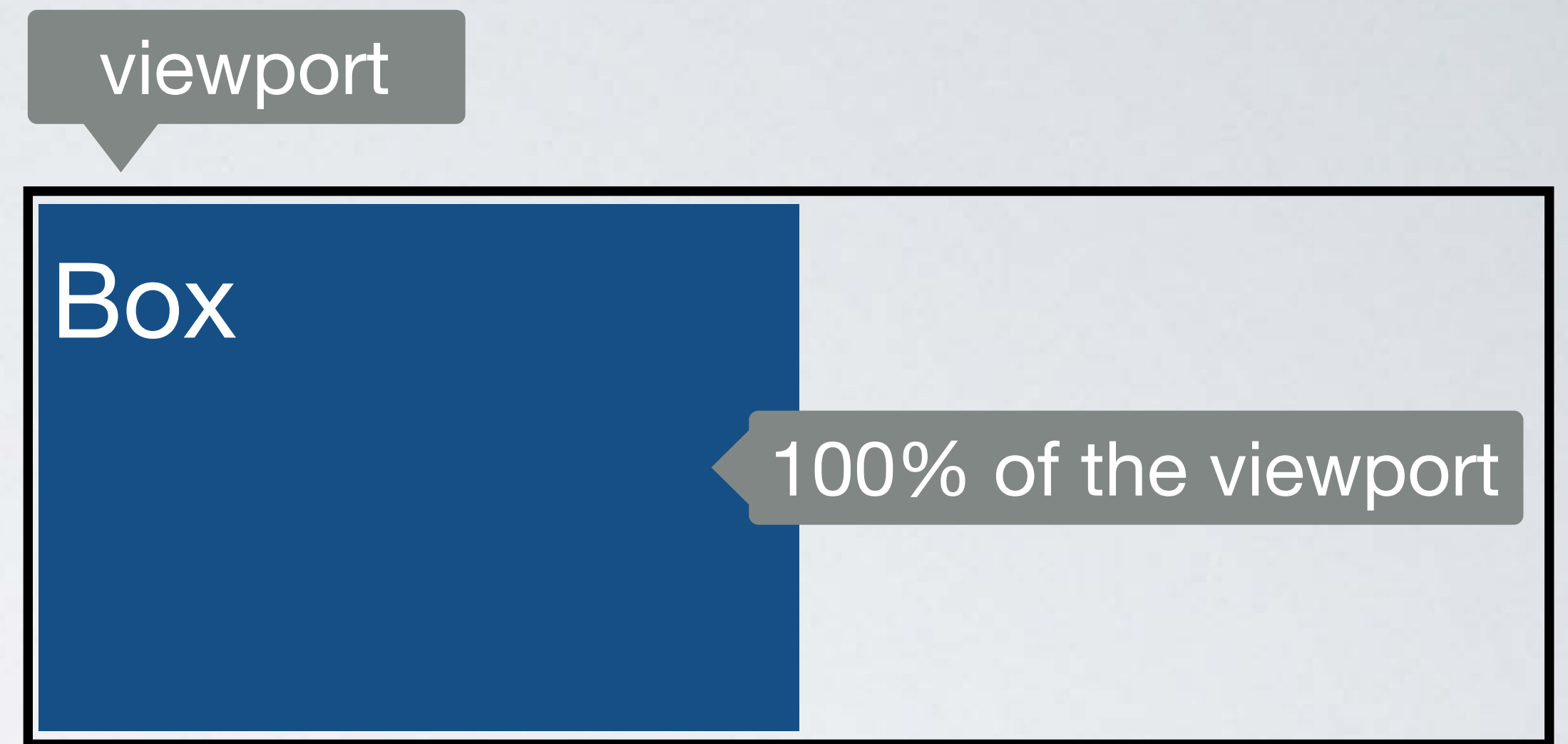
RELATIVE UNITS / VW

```
.box {  
  width: 50vw;  
}
```



RELATIVE UNITS / VH

```
.box {  
  height: 100vh;  
}
```



HOW TO SET HEIGHT FOR FULL PAGE SIZE

PAST

```
html { height: 100%; }  
body { min-height: 100%; }
```

Problem: the HTML element does not grow beyond the height of the visible viewport.

NOW

```
body { min-height: 100vh; }
```

**GOOD
PRACTICE**

RELATIVE UNITS / VMIN

```
.box {  
  font-size: 10vmin;  
}
```

1vmin = 1vw or 1vh, whichever is smaller.

height: 50rem

width: 100rem

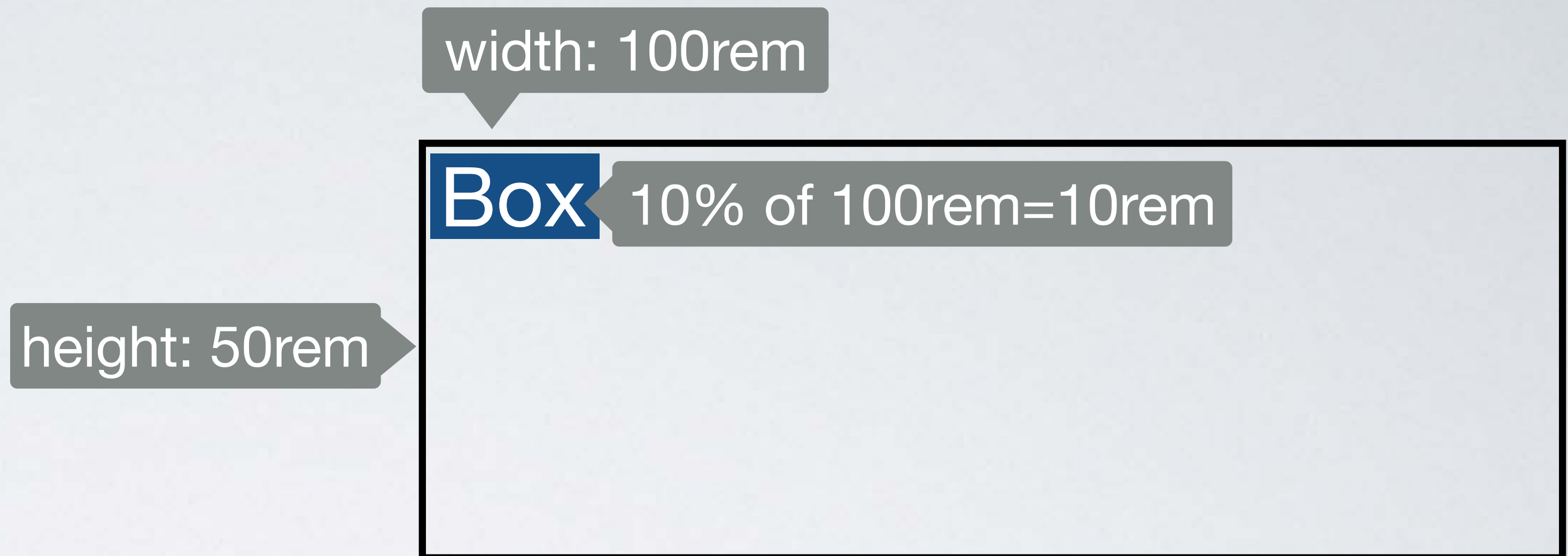
Box

10% of 50rem=5rem

RELATIVE UNITS / VMAX

```
.box {  
  font-size: 10vmax;  
}
```

1vmax = 1vw or 1vh, whichever is larger.



HOW TO CHOOSE A CSS UNIT

Do I need to scale an element when the viewport size changes?



What do I want it to scale relative to?

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